## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Isaac Bradley, #315370,	) C/A No.: 1:17-2517-MBS-SVH
Plaintiff,	) ) )
vs.	)
Ridgeland Correctional Institution, et al.,	<ul><li>) REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION</li><li>)</li></ul>
Defendant.	) ) )

By order issued on September 18, 2017, the court directed the Clerk of Court to terminate Isaac Bradley ("Plaintiff") as a plaintiff in the case of *Mast v. Ridgeland Correctional Institution, et al.*, C/A No. 1:17-2038-MBS-SVH, and directed the Clerk of Court to assign a new case number. [ECF No. 1]. Plaintiff was assigned the above-referenced case number.

Pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civ. Rule 73.02(B)(2)(d) (D.S.C.), the undersigned is authorized to review such complaints for relief and submit findings and recommendations to the district judge. For the reasons that follow, the undersigned recommends that the district judge dismiss the complaint without prejudice and without issuance and service of process.

On September 26, 2017, the court ordered Plaintiff to complete a complaint, service documents, and filing fee paperwork necessary to advance this case by October 17, 2017. [ECF No. 5]. Plaintiff was warned that the failure to comply would subject the case to dismissal. *Id.* Plaintiff did not file a response. The court issued a second order on

October 20, 2017, again directing Plaintiff to complete a complaint, service documents,

and filing fee paperwork necessary to advance this case by November 13, 2017. [ECF

No. 9]. Plaintiff was again warned that failure to comply would subject the case to

dismissal. Id. Plaintiff did not file a response.

It is well established that a district court has authority to dismiss a case for failure

to prosecute. "The authority of a court to dismiss sua sponte for lack of prosecution has

generally been considered an 'inherent power,' governed not by rule or statute but by the

control necessarily vested in courts to manage their own affairs so as to achieve the

orderly and expeditious disposition of cases." See Link v. Wabash R.R. Co., 370 U.S. 626,

630–31 (1962). In addition to its inherent authority, this court may also sua sponte

dismiss a case for lack of prosecution under Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(b). Id. at 630. Based on

Plaintiff's failure to respond to the court's September 26, 2017 and October 20, 2017

orders, the undersigned concludes Plaintiff does not intend to pursue the above-captioned

matter. Accordingly, the undersigned recommends that this case be dismissed without

prejudice for failure to prosecute pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 41.

IT IS SO RECOMMENDED.

November 17, 2017 Sh

Columbia, South Carolina

Shiva V. Hodges United States Magistrate Judge

(Shira V. Hodges

The parties are directed to note the important information in the attached "Notice of Right to File Objections to Report and Recommendation.

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## Notice of Right to File Objections to Report and Recommendation

The parties are advised that they may file specific written objections to this Report and Recommendation with the District Judge. Objections must specifically identify the portions of the Report and Recommendation to which objections are made and the basis for such objections. "[I]n the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a de novo review, but instead must 'only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation." *Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co.*, 416 F.3d 310 (4th Cir. 2005) (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee's note).

Specific written objections must be filed within fourteen (14) days of the date of service of this Report and Recommendation. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b); see Fed. R. Civ. P. 6(a), (d). Filing by mail pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5 may be accomplished by mailing objections to:

Robin L. Blume, Clerk
United States District Court
901 Richland Street
Columbia, South Carolina 29201

Failure to timely file specific written objections to this Report and Recommendation will result in waiver of the right to appeal from a judgment of the District Court based upon such Recommendation. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985); Wright v. Collins, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985); United States v. Schronce, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984).